

The Daily Gazetteer.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 2. 1737.

9: 656.

Yesterday arriv'd a Mail from France, with the Paris Letter dated on Wednesday last.

Good Cheer, and Purchases; but the Heirs of the Testatrix are at Law for the Money.



HEY write from Constantinople, that it was resolv'd in the last Divan, to give Battle to the Russians, in case they besiege Oczakow; and that upon Advice that the Fleet which the Russians have at Asoph, intends to go to the Black Sea, several Sultanas and Gallies have been sent from Constantinople, to be stationed at the Entrance of the Bosphorus, to stop up their Passage.

'Tis said, that as soon as the Declaration of the War was published against the Turks, Count Philippi decamp'd, with Part of the Army, and invetted Nissa; and that all the Plenipotentiaries who were on the Road for Nimirow, have received Orders not to go thither: That General Bonneval is intrench'd with 20,000 Turks at Widin; and that the Russians having got the Start of the Turks by a Day and half's Journey, have formed the Siege of Oczakow.

The Fire that happened lately at Moscow, is said to have lasted two Days; that above 2000 Persons perished in it, and above 100,000 are quite ruined by it, and forced to lie in the open Fields.

Letters of the 13th ult. O. S. from Genoa say, they have received Advice from Corsica, that the Rebels had demanded a Suspension of Arms to finish their Harvest, of which they promise to pay one Tenth to the Bishops, and to let the Genoese gather in theirs without Molestation; but that Rivarola, the Genoese Commissary, and the Governor of Bastia had refused to consent to that Demand. Mean time, a Letter is publish'd, written from Vienna to the Emperor's Consul, wherein he is given to understand, that his Imperial Majesty has resolv'd, in Concert with France, to maintain the Republick in Possession of the Isle of Corsica, and even to assist the Genoese in case they are attacked.

The Lawsuit depending betwixt the Archbishop of Rheims, and the City and Chapter, is determined in favour of the latter.

Last Wednesday Se'night a Fire broke out at the Hotel Dieu at Paris, which by the Violence of the Wind made a great Progress, and presently caught hold of three Rooms, the Ceiling of one of which fell, and kill'd several Persons that came to help extinguish it. For this Purpose all the Engines in the City were play'd, and the Mendicant Fryars were sent for, as well as a Detachment of the Grenadiers, and the Magistrates attended to give the proper Orders; but the Fire continu'd till 10 o'Clock next Morning, when they began to dig out some of the Workmen, who had been bury'd in the Ruins.

Another Letter from Paris brings these farther Particulars of the Fire that happened on the 21st ult. at the Hospital in that City, called the Hotel Dieu, viz.

'T broke out at 11 o'Clock at Night in the Laundry, with so much Fury, that the Flames, notwithstanding all the possible Assistance that could be brought, spread into the several Wards with such Violence, that they had scarce Time to remove the Patients into Notre Dame Church. The First President, the Attorney-General, the Lieutenant de Police, the Provost des Marchands, and the other Magistrates stay'd there during the 24 Hours that the Fire continued, to give the necessary Orders, as well to the Detachments of the French and Swiss Guards, as to all the Watch. The Mendicant Fryars, and many others of several Orders, did great Service during the whole Time of the Fire, by which three Rooms were entirely consum'd, and a fourth very much damag'd, and several Persons were thereby kill'd and wounded.

There's a very remarkable Suit commenced at Paris, against a Person, relating to a Deed of Trust, no less than 300,000 Livres, out of which he indulged a simple old Lady by the Appearance of an Antiquary, and such Abstinence that he liv'd only upon Pulse, which he eat out of Earthen Dishes, and by the like Self-Mortifications; but as soon as he dy'd, and left him possess'd of the Money, his Earthen Ware and Pulse were chang'd into Plate,

I R E L A N D.

Athlone, July 20. Yesterday we had such a terrible Hail-Storm, that we were afraid the Hail-Stones would break thro' the Roofs of the Houses; on the Side that the Wind blew, it did not leave one whole Pane of Glass in the Windows; some of the Hail-Stones were as big as Turkey Eggs, and the smallest as big as a Pidgeon's.

Londonderry, July 15. This Day our Lord Bishop arrived here in good Health, to the great Joy of all the Citizens: The Mayor and all the Members of the Corporation who live in this City, together with the neighbouring Clergy, and many of the principal Inhabitants, went several Miles to meet his Lordship, and were unanimous in paying him all Manner of Respect, notwithstanding the great Disputes at this Time subsisting among the contending Parties in the Corporation.

Rosscarberry, July 12. The Weather here for these three Months past has been excessive hot and dry, that our Corn is very backward, and some of our Cows have died: Several Acres of good Land were entirely burn'd by Fire, which some Tobacco Smokers left on the Ground after they had lighted their Pipes; it took such deep Root, that it could not be extinguish'd for several Days: This happened in several Places, but particularly in the Island of Inane, near Cape Clare. This Day we had constant Rain, which has done vast Service, especially to the Potatoes, the Staple of this Country.

Never was any where known such Quantities of Fish, Pilchards particularly, as are all along this Coast: Last Night were taken in this Bay with a small Net, above 2200 Matrole at one Draught, and if the Net had not hitch'd in a Rock before they could land it, it's thought they would have taken 40,000; in short, (as Fishermen term it) the Sea is alive with Fish.

Those Persons who are concerned in that Trade, and who are very numerous here of late, have great Hopes of acquiring Fortunes by it.

H O M E P O R T S.

Leith, July 22. Sailed the Isabel and May, John Haxton, for London; the Grisel and Anne, Edward Chalmers, for Holland; the Christian, Edward Poulter, for Alloo, to load for London; the ---, Gilbert Bunkell, for Lisbon; the ---, John Bunkell, for Alemonth. Arrived the Hopewell, John Heriot, from Drontheim; the ---, James Finlay, from Aberdeen, with Meal and Bear; the ---, James Crichton, from Dundee with Wheat; the ---, Hugh Dundas, from St. Lucar, with Wine and Fruit; the ---, William Macgregory, from Rotterdam.

Leith, July 23. Since our last, was brought in here from Aberdeen by Mr. Campbell, Supervisor, 2 Half Hogsheads and 7 quarter Casks of Brandy, 4 Hogsheads of Vinegar, five Casks of Hungary Water, with one Box. Came in the Jean of Leith, from St. Lucar with Wine, Hugh Dundas, Master; the Unity of Leith, William Gregory, from Rotterdam.

Leith, July 26. Arrived the ---, David Gilchrist of Kinghorn, from St. Lucar, with Wine and Fruit.

Lancaster, July 28. Arrived the Sarah and Mary, Jackson, from Barbados, and the Content, Curwen, from Antigua.

Liverpool, July 29. Arrived the Friendship, Moon, for Monterrat; the Carolina, Camell, from Antigua; the New Rebuilt, Mugdock, and the Weconomica Merchant, Johnson, from Virginia; the Mary, Bold, from Barbados. The Prince William, Gildart, and the Thomas, Smith, are arrived at Barbados from Gambia, and both sailed for Virginia; the Willoughby, Heysham, from Africa, and a large Snow belonging to Bristol, from Anamabo, are also arrived at Barbados.

Bristol, July 30. Since the 23d, came in the Three Brothers, Webb, and the Bersey, Tavernor, from Cadiz; the Samuel, Smith, from Jamaica; the Malaga Snow, Amos, from Malaga.

Arrived at Jamaica, the Prince William, Fowles; the Apollo, Tonken, and the Biddeford, Finnie; at Virginia, the Pye Snow, Adlam; at St. Kitt's, the Anne Snow, Kinnell, all from Bristol; at Eustatia, the Monmouth, Gordon, from Rotterdam.

Weymouth, July 30. Yesterday came to an Anchor in Portland Road, the Princess Amelia, Preshaw, of London, from Cowes for Leghorn; the John and Jane, Taverner, of and from Lymington for Cork.

Southampton, July 28. Since my last arrived the Mary of London, Stafford, from the Canaries; the Leap of Lymington, Newman, from Amsterdam; the George and Jane, Allen, of and from Guernsey. Sailed the Two Friends, Mourant, of and for Guernsey; the Jane, Pitron, of and for Guernsey; and the Two Marys of Southampton, Gordon, for Guernsey.

Portsmouth, July 31. Wind N.W. Since my last came into the Harbour from Ireland, his Majesty's Sloops the Hound, Capt. Martin, and the Cruiser, Capt. Lingen; as did the Mary Brig. Read, from Cadiz. Came to Spithead the Olive Branch, John Mansfield, from Bologne. Sailed the Hope Flyboat, Anderson, for Christiansa; and his Majesty's Ship the Blandford, Capt. Burdett, to Spithead; where is also the Sheerness, Capt. Stapleton.

Deal, July 31. Wind N. by E. The outward bound failed this Forenoon. Came down last Night and failed, the Queen of Portugal, King, for Lisbon; the Providence, Shuttleworth, for Figueira; the Hannah and Elizabeth, Cranwell, for Bourdeaux. Arrived the Dorsetshire, Loney, from Virginia; the Mary, Peirce, from Exon; the New Cambridge, Morris, from New England. Remains the Jane, Fanes, from New England for ---.

Gravesend, July 30. Arrived the Robert and Mary, Duncomb, from Maryland; the Nottingham, Ogilvie, from St. Christopher's; the Mary and Barbary, Harrison, from Gibraltar; the Patty and Sally, Smith, from Barbados; the Monferrat Merchant, Stacey, from Monferrat; the Apollo, Brown, from Jamaica; the Italian Merchant, Carteret, from Leghorn; the Morning Star, Olive, from Faro; the St. Catherine, Roberts, from the Canaries.

L O N D O N.

On Sunday Night last about 9 o'Clock, their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales came to St. James's from Hampton Court, and about 11 o'Clock the same Evening, her Highness was safely deliver'd of a Princess; a Messenger was immediately dispatched, with an Account thereof to their Majesties at Hampton Court. Her Royal Highness dined in Publick the same Day with their Majesties.

And Yesterday Morning about 4 o'Clock, the Queen, and the Princesses, Amelia and Caroline came to St. James's, and continued with her Royal Highness till 7, and then returned to Hampton Court.

Her Royal Highness is in a fair way of doing well. Yesterday about 11 o'Clock, the Guns in the Park were fired, and in the Evening there were Bonfires, Illuminations, and other publick Demonstrations of Joy throughout the City and Suburbs on this Occasion.

The same Day a Messenger was dispatched to the Prince and Princess of Orange.

As was also a Messenger to the Duke of Saxe Gotha, her Royal Highness's Brother, with an Account of her happy Delivery.

Yesterday Mr. Dogget's annual Coat and Badge was rowed for according to Custom, and was won by one John Heaver of Nine Elms.

The same Day one Totterdill, who kept the Two Brewers in Vine Street, near the Horse-Ferry, Westminster, was, after an Examination of Witnesses for 4 Hours, committed to Newgate by Justice Manley, for the Murder of his Wife, by dragging her down Stairs, and stamping upon her in such a violent Manner, that she died immediately; he afterwards put her into an inner Room on the Floor, and tied up her Jaw to prevent its falling, with an Intent, as supposed, to persuade the Neighbours that she died of sudden Death: 'Tis a House of little Business, where there was no Company at that Time; but one of the Daughters, about 7 Years old, came out and said to the Neighbours, my Father has killed my Mother.



upon which they went in, and he finding himself discovered, attempted to make his Escape, but was secured; and when he was before the Justice, what he said was, Don't ask me any Questions, if she is dead, I shall be hang'd.

We hear from Rochester, that Margaret Wickes, the Maid, was indicted at the Assizes there for drowning of Lydia Fagg, an Infant of 19 Months old, the only Child of Mr. Thomas Fagg, a Gentleman of Dover, and found Guilty of Murder, the Fact being fully proved against her. She had very little to say for herself, and did not behave as becomes a Person under such miserable Circumstances.

EPIGRAM on an Accident that lately happen'd to the Craftsman's Printing-Press.

SAD Case in which 'Squire Caleb's Press is,
'Tis the Distress of All Distresses,
'Tis torn to Pieces, and the Types too
Dispers'd, Prognostick dire of Stripes too.
Ah Caleb! halt thou no Discerning,
And cou'd'st not take by Franklin Warning?
But, weekly, Faction's Fools to tickle,
Bring Haynes, his Slave, into like Pickle.
Come ---- make the worst on't, 'tis but Treason,
A little Squeezing of the Weason.
Be't for thy Folly's Fortune vent,
For Common Sense's Turn is next.

Westminster, July 23. 1737.

The ASSIZE of BREAD,
As set by the Worshipful ALEXANDER CLAYTON, Esq;
Deputy-Steward.

lb. oz. dr.	lb. oz. dr.
1d. or 2 half pen.	0 08 01 White
Loaf new to weigh	0 12 01 Wheat
1 penny Loaf	0 16 02 Household
	12d 09 01 01 Wheat
	Loaf 12 01 07 Household
	1d. 12 09 10 Wheat
	Loaf 18 02 02 Household

It is also Ordered, that the Bakers within this City and Liberty do not for the future make any Half-quarter Loaves.

And whereas it is enacted, That all Bakers shall and may, after Sept. 1. 1715, make, bake, sell, and expose to Sale, Peck, Half-Peck, or Quarter Loaves, so as the same are made and sold, both as to Weight and Price, in Proportion to the Assize-Table, according to which they are ascertain'd as follows:

lb. oz. dr.	lb. oz. dr.
Peck Loaf 17 05 02	Quarter Loaf 04 05 08
Half Peck 08 11 01	

By the Court, HART.

N.B. The Price of the Half Peck five Wheaten, according to the present Assize, is Eleven Pence Half penny, and so in Proportion.

High Water this Day	Morning	Evening
at London Bridge.	3 45	3 57

Bank Stock 143 1-half. India 174 1-half. South Sea 103. Old Annuity 109 5-8ths to 110. New ditto, 109 1-half to 5-8ths. Three per Cent. 105 1-half. Emperor's Loan 112 3-4ths. Royal Assurance 108 1-4th. London Assurance 14 3-4ths to 5-8ths. African 14. New India Bonds 51. 16 s. Prem. Old ditto 61. 14 s. to 15 s. Prem. South Sea ditto 41. 10 s. Prem. Bank Circulation 31. 10 s. Prem. Salt Talties 1 to 5 Prem. English Copper 21. 12 s. Welsh ditto 15 s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 8 1-4th per Cent. Prem. Three per Cent. ditto 2 3-4ths per Cent. Prem. Million Bank 122 1-half. Lottery Tickets 91. 16 s. 6d.

WHEREAS Proposals and Printed Schemes have been delivered out, and Subscriptions taken in, for encouraging and filling some Illegal Sales or Lotteries; in order to caution Adventurers, and to suppress such Undertakings, and to be a Means to bring the Offenders to Justice, the Managers and Directors of the Present Lottery, have thought proper to insert the two following Clauses of an Act of the 8th Year of His late Majesty King George I. Chap. 2 Sect. 36 and 37.

And Whereas, Notwithstanding the Provision already made by several Acts of Parliament, for suppressing and preventing of Unlawful Lotteries, and Offices and Places, under the Denomination of Sales,

and taking or making, Buying or Selling Subscriptions, for the Sale of Chances, or Part of Chances, to arise on Tickets made out in Pursuance of any Act of Parliament for a Publick Lottery, many ill-disposed Persons, with a Design to evade such Laws, have of late presumed, and do daily presume, to erect and set up Offices or Places, under the Denomination of Sales of Houses, Lands, Plate, Jewels, Ships, Goods, and other Things; and also have presumed to make, print, and publish, or cause to be made, printed, or published, Proposals or Schemes, for advancing small Sums of Money by several Persons, amounting in the whole to large Sums, to be divided among them by the Chances of the Prizes in some Publick Lottery or Lotteries, established or allowed by Act of Parliament, and to deliver out Tickets to the Persons advancing such Sums, to entitle them to a Share of the Money so advanced, according to such Proposals, and Advertisements thereof are daily published in the common Printed News Papers, and otherways, which Practices are highly prejudicial to the Publick, and to the Trade of this Kingdom, and tend to defraud His Majesty's Subjects, Be it further Enacted, By the Authority aforesaid, That all and every Person or Persons, who after the 21st Day of December, in the Year of our Lord 1721. shall erect, set up, continue, or keep, or shall cause or procure to be erected, set up, continued, or kept, any Office or Place, under the Denomination of Sales of Houses, Lands, Advowsons, Presentations to Livings, Plate, Jewels, Ships, Goods, or other Things, for the Improvement of small Sums of Money; or shall sell, or expose to Sale, any Houses, Lands, Advowsons, Presentations to Livings, Plate, Jewels, Ships, Goods, or other Things, by Way of Lottery, or by Lots, Tickets, Numbers, or Figures; or shall make, print, advertise, or publish, or cause to be made, printed, advertised, or published, Proposals or Schemes, for advancing small Sums of Money by several Persons, amounting in the whole to large Sums, to be divided among them by the Chances of the Prizes in some Publick Lottery or Lotteries, established or allowed by Act of Parliament, or shall deliver out, or cause or procure to be delivered out, Tickets to the Persons advancing such Sums, to entitle them to a Share of the Money so advanced, according to such Proposals or Schemes; or shall make, print, or publish, or cause to be made, printed, or published, any Proposal or Scheme of the like Kind or Nature, under any Denomination, Name, or Title whatsoever, and shall be thereof Convicted upon the Oath or Oaths of one or more creditable Witnesses or Witnesses, by two or more Justices of the Peace of the County, Division, or Liberty where such Offence shall be committed, or the Offender shall be found (which Oath such Justices of the Peace are hereby empowered and required to administer) the Person so convicted, shall for every such Offence, ever and above any former Penalties inflicted by any former Act or Acts of Parliament, made against any private or unlawful Lotteries, forfeit the Sum of Five Hundred Pounds; one Third Part thereof to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors; one other Third Part thereof to the Informer, and the remaining Third Part thereof to the Poor of the Parish where such Offence shall be committed, the same to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods, by Warrant under the Hands and Seals of such Justices before whom such Offender shall be convicted, as aforesaid, and shall also for every such Offence, by such Justices be committed to the County Gaol, there to remain without Bail or Main-prize for the Space of one whole Year, and from thence until the Sum of Five Hundred Pounds so forfeited, as aforesaid, shall be fully paid and satisfied: Provided nevertheless, that any Person who shall think himself or herself aggrieved by the Judgment or Determination of Two or more such Justices, in any of the Cases aforesaid, shall have Liberty to appeal to the next Quarter Sessions to be held for the County, City, or Place, where such Judgment or Determination shall be made or given, and that the Judgment to be given by the Justices of the said next Quarter Sessions shall be final.

And be it further Enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every Person and Persons, who after the Time aforesaid, shall be Adventurer or Adventurers in, or shall pay any Money or other Consideration, or any ways contribute unto or upon the Account of any such Sales, Lotteries, Proposals or Schemes aforesaid, shall forfeit for every such Offence double the Sum paid or contributed, to be recovered with Costs of Suit, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of his Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Essoign, Protection, Wager of Law, nor any more than one Imparance shall be allowed, one Moiety thereof to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the other Moiety thereof to the Person or Persons who shall inform or sue for the same.

To be Sold,

At Engham in Oxfordshire, being 4 Miles from Oxford, 3 from Woodstock, 4 from Whitney, 7 from Abingdon, and in the direct Horse-Road from London to Bath, Bristol, Gloucester, &c.

THE ANGEL INN, being a very convenient House, with a good Back Kitchen, and good Cellars, and Brewhouse, with the Utensils ready made, and other commodious Rooms.

As also a large Back-Side, a good Barn, Stables, and other convenient Out-houses, with a small, but commodious Bake-house thereto adjoining, the Oven whereof will bake 8 Bushels, and may be lett apart.

It has belonging to it a handsome Garden walled in, and well planted with Wall and other Fruit Trees.

All the Premises are Freehold, and are in the Occupation of the Widow Butler, where any Persons may be further informed of the Particulars; as also of Mr. Stowers, Glazier in Salisbury-Court, and Mr. Tunell, Leatherfeller, in St. Martin's-le-Grand, London.

This Day is published,

THE Decay of Practical Religion lamented, and the Scripture Method for reviving it considered. In Four Discourses, preach'd the 22d and 29th of May, and 3d of July 1737. With an Appendix, containing a few Remarks on a Book lately published, entitled, The Moral Philosopher. By Benjamin Andrews Atkinson, Minister of the Gospel.

Printed for D. Farmer, at the King's Arms in St. Paul Church-yard, near Cheshide. Price 1s. 6d.

Where may be had, just published,

A Guide to Prayer; or a Free and Rational Account of the Gift, Grace and Spirit of Prayer. With plain Directions how every Christian may attain them. By I. Watts, D. D. The Seventh Edition, corrected.

The so-much Fam'd HYPO-DROPS.

WHICH in a few Days infallibly cures HYPOCHONDRIACK MELANCHOLY in Men, and VAPOURS in Women, so as never to return again, be they so severe, or of many Years standing, and even after all other Remedies have prov'd ineffectual; and that by immediately striking at the very Root or true Cause, as well as removing the Effects, of those perplexing Maladies and all their Variety of Symptoms, by which they mimic, by Turns, almost all the Diseases poor Mortals are afflicted with, and have their Rise from a depraved Appetite, vicious Ferment in the stomach, and Indigestion of Food, whence proceed Crudities and flatulent or windy Disorders in the first Passages, the Belchings, Cholic, Uneasiness in the Bowels, and ill Humours, which offend the Nerves, and, by Consent of Parts, affect the Head, and produce sometimes Giddiness, Dimness of Sight, confused Thoughts, pertinacious Watchings, troublesome Sleep, Frights, groundless Fears, and the deepest Melancholy, with direful Views and terrible Apprehensions; at other times, Fits, Flushing Heats, Reachings, Faintness, Lowness and Sinking of Spirits, Palpitation of the Heart, Startings, Tremblings, and Twitchings in the Limbs and other Parts, with many convulsive Disorders, sharp Pains, fix'd or wandering Pain and Weakness in the Back, and other, almost innumerable and grievous, Symptoms, which miserably afflict vast Numbers of both Sexes.

All which Symptoms, in their sharpest Paroxysms, thick so much fam'd and most pleasant Drops, (which are Chymically prepar'd from the most valuable Specificks in the Mineral, Vegetable, and Animal Kingdoms, and exalted to the highest Degree of Perfection possible) instantly quell, and at the same time annihilate their real Cause, directly bringing the Stomach into right Order, creating a good Appetite, restoring the Digestion, occasioning laudable Chyle, and, of course, good Blood, Plenty of calm, free, and cheerful Spirits, regular Circulation of all the Fluids, and Strength of Nerves, so that both Cause and Effects of Melancholy and Vapours are thoroughly removed by them, almost on the Spot, as to many Thousands of both Sexes they have perfectly cured.

Whoever takes them for 3 Days only, will be sensible they are absolutely to be depended upon for an effectual and lasting Cure, and certain it is, that no Medicine upon Earth is equal them; be careful therefore to have the right Drops, which are to be had only at Mrs. Holt's, at the Cross-Key and Star in Cornhill, near Stocks-Market, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle with Directions.

The only infallible and speedy Cure for the most confirmed LEPROSY, either of the Moist or Dry Kind, That has been sold for several Years by Mr. Parry, in Broad Court, Fleet-street, with much, and happy Benefit to the Publick; but, since his Decease, is sold now only by Mr. Read, for 5 s. a Pot, with Directions, at his House in White-Friars.

N.B. You turn in just by the Sun Tavern in Fleet-street, and in the great Corner House in White-Friars; James Read's great Letter, is wrote over his Door.

AND for all Leprous and other skin-born Breakings out on the Skin, whether of the moist Body, or in particular Parts only, this is the only sure and easy Method of Cure, being an incomparable pleasant Electuary, which, after all the usual Methods and Medicines, even Salivations tried in vain, perfectly eradicates those insupportable Maladies, tho' of many Years standing, so as never to return again, accomplishing that in a few Days, which other Means can possibly perform in many Months, and with the greatest Safety in the World, and without any confinement, as has been happily experienced by many Hundreds.

Common Itches, and other slight Foulnesses of the Skin, completely cures almost in an Instant, without Trouble, and for the worst Scabbiness, and most grievous Leprosy, may certainly be depended upon as absolutely infallible, the Patients themselves in three Days Time will assure you.

N.B. This noble Specifick Electuary may be taken with equal Success in extreme Weather, hot or cold, by following the direct Directions given with the Medicine.